

Digital Architecture for Trust in the 21st Century

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House of Switzerland – Davos – January 22, 2020

Why should we trust technology...

...when it so routinely violates our trust?



Who is technology accountable to?

Like an organization: it depends on **architecture**.

• Does tech serve the **one**, the **few**, or the **many**?



When we get the answer wrong...



Have we created a tech monster?

Whom do you serve?

Today's Weakest-Link Security

Any **one** developer, server, administrator can completely compromise security and privacy



More data, connectivity \rightarrow weaker security



The DEDIS lab at EPFL: Mission

Build advanced Decentralized and Distributed Systems (DEDIS)

- **Distributed:** spread widely across the Internet & world
- **Decentralized:** independent participants, no central authority, no single points of failure or compromise

Systems that **distribute trust** widely with **strongest-link security**

https://dedis.epfl.ch



The Promise of Distributed Trust

Why blockchains, distributed ledgers are exciting



lice

Bob

. . .

	Charlie's copy	
X	Alice	5 BTC
	bob	2 BTC
	Charlie	3 BTC

Yes this can work, but...

PAUL HARVEY And now...the rest of the story...

The C-I-A (or A-I-C) Principle

Information security requires three properties:

Blockchains **strengthen** Integrity and Availability, but replicating data **weakens** confidentiality!

A Blockchain is a 2-legged Tripod

Strong integrity and availability, but weak privacy

Towards Three-Legged InfoSec

Calypso: architecture for distributed-trust privacy

(4) Decrypt secret

Application: Electronic Voting

Serving ~10,000 eligible voters at EPFL each year

https://blog.dedis.ch/post/evoting/

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Application: Medical Data Sharing

EPFL UnLynx: privacy-preserving distributed personalized medicine

EPFL Blockchain Industry Impact SDSC SICPA BYZGEN swisscom Data Protection in Personalized Health **Supporting partners** INTERNET OF VALUE OMNILEDGER IOST zilliqa EMOTIQ ΤΛURUS Harmony PHERIUM **Open Consensus for 10B People**

Companies adopting DEDIS research

EPFL Center for Digital Trust (C4DT)

Coordinating research and technology transfer

https://www.c4dt.org

System security

Who do today's blockchains serve?

Permissioned: only members of an

exclusive "club"

Permissionless: in principle, *anyone* in practice, a few miners, developers, investors

Distributed Trust: the Real Goal

For technology to be **trusted by everone**, it must **serve** and be **accountable to everyone**.

Can technology serve everyone?

Can decentralized systems give **all real people**

- Inclusion: secure voice, vote, economic stake
- Protection: secure from hacking, digital fakery

Who is a (Real) Person Online?

Today's digital technology has no *secure* way to distinguish between **real** and **fake**

- People
- Reviews
- News

Intelligencer

Q

LIFE IN PIXELS | DEC. 26, 2018

How Much of the Internet Is Fake? Turns Out, a Lot of It, Actually.

By Max Read 🍯 @ max_read

AI can't solve this problem

Because better AI will keep making better fakes

DemocracyPost • Opinion

Deepfakes are coming. We're not ready.

e-Identity can't solve this problem

All digital identities can be lost, stolen, or bought

• Even with trusted hardware, biometrics, etc.

Back to (non-digital) Reality

Can we anchor *digital trust* in the *physical world*?

Trust in Digital Governance

Can we create real trust in **digital governance**?

Trust in Digital Economy

Can we enable sustainable digital economics?

Architecting Inclusive Digital Trust

Technology can and must serve all real people.

We have most of the technology **pieces**, but they must fit into the right **architecture**.

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